Calculus I	Name:
Study Guide 23	Class:
Due Date:	Score:

No Work  $\Leftrightarrow$  No Points Use Pencil Only  $\Leftrightarrow$  Be Neat & Organized

1. (3 points) Evaluate:  $\int_0^4 \sqrt{x} \, dx$ 

2. (4 points) Evaluate: 
$$\int_4^9 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + x\right) dx$$

3. (4 points) Evaluate:  $\int_0^{\pi/4} (\cos x + \sin x) dx$ 

4. (2 points) Evaluate:  $\int_1^1 \tan x \, dx$ 

4. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_

5. (3 points) Evaluate 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} (4x^3 - 2x) dx$$

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. (3 points) State clearly the Mean–Value Theorem for integrals for the function f(x) on [a, b].

The average (mean) value of f(x) on the interval [a, b] is given by  $\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$  and is denoted by  $f_{ave}$ .

7. Consider the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and the interval [0, 4]. (a) (3 points) Find  $f_{ave}$ .

(a) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) (4 points) Find a number  $\ c$  in the given interval such that  $f(c)=f_{ave}$  .

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

- 8. Compute the area of the region between the graph of f(x) and the x-axis on the given interval. Drawing Required.
  - (a) (4 points)  $f(x) = x^4$ ; [-1, 1]

(b) (4 points) 
$$f(x) = x^{-2}$$
;  $[-2, -1]$ 

(c) (4 points) 
$$f(x) = \sin x$$
;  $[0, 2\pi/3]$ 

(a) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

Total Points: 50

(d) (4 points) 
$$f(x) = \cos x$$
;  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ 

(e) (4 points) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$$
; [1,8]

(f) (4 points)  $f(x) = \sec^2 x$ ;  $[0, \pi/4]$ 

(d) \_\_\_\_\_